Curriculum Map

Unit/ Essential Question	CCSS	Learning Target	Resources/ Mentor Texts	Assessment
Pre-19th C. Literature Essential Questions How did our nation's literature begin? How does native mythology turn to Puritan non-fiction? What kind of	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain. CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.11-12.2 Determine two or more themes or	• I can define textual evidence • I can define inference and explain how to use evidence from the text to reach a logical conclusion • I can read closely and find answers explicitly in text and answers that require an inference • I can analyze an author's words and find pieces of textual evidence to support explicit and inferential questions • I can determine places in the text that leave matters uncertain	Prentice Hall's Hall American Literature: Timeless Voices, Timeless Themes Literature includes, but is not limited to the following: John Smith's General History of Virginia The Declaration of Independence Olaudah Equiano's The Interesting Narrative	Digital Narrative Showcasing Early American Literature for younger in-distric students
documents are produced in our nation's infancy?	central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an	 I can analyze plot to determine two or more themes I can determine how multiple themes work together to produce 	Emily Dickinson's poems Edgar Allan Poe's	artifact and literature.

	objective summary of the text.	a complex piece of literature	The Fall of the	Student creates
		• I can define summary	House of Usher	actionable goals for
19th C. Literature Essential		• I can compose an objective summary stating the key points of the text	The Emancipation Proclamation	reading and presenting. Then he/she is fully
Questions			Sandra Cisneros's	expected to meet
		• I can identify elements of a	Essays	those goals and is
In what was	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.11-12.3	story or drama	John Hersey's	held accountable to them.
In what ways does literature	Analyze the impact of the author's	• Can analyza havy alamanta	Hiroshima	uleili.
and the structure of it change after the Revolutionary War?	choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama (e.g., where a story is set, how the action is ordered, how the characters are introduced and developed).	 Can analyze how elements of a story or drama are developed and/or interrelated I can analyze the impact of an author's choices in presenting elements of a story or drama 	Flannery O'Connor's "The Life You Save May Be Your Own"	Written responses to Articles of the Week Weekly completion
XX71 (1 (1				of Word Wall activit
What does the addition of fiction do to			Various Articles of the Week covering	
American	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.11-12.4		local and global	Alternating Week
culture? How does poetry change	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of	• I can define and identify various forms of figurative language	issues across various topics including but not limited to news,	Literature Reflections Final Written Exam
as the century	specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple	• I can distinguish between	technology, environment,	includes contextual
progresses?	meanings or language that is	literal and figurative language	sports.	questions in relating current history to
	particularly fresh, engaging, or	• I can recognize the	~r ~~.	Current mistory to

How does the	beautiful. (Include Shakespeare as	difference between denotative	Supplemental	early American
literature	well as other authors.)	meanings and connotative	material including	history.
mirror the		meanings	but not limited to	-
culture of the time?		• I can analyze how an author's choice of specific	online material supplied by the	
TT 1 41		words evokes a particular	teacher,	
How does the		meaning or tone in a text and	newspaper/magazin e articles	
Civil War		how using language in a new way creates an engaging		
influence		overall effect	connecting early literature to modern	
literature?		overall effect		
		• I can analyze how specific	day, student-found literature, and more	
20th C		word choices build on one	interacture, and more	
Literature		another to create a cumulative		
Essential Essential		impact on the overall meaning and tone of a text		
		and tone of a text		
Questions				
	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.11-12.5			
How does immigration change literature?	Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the	• I can determine how an author chose to structure specific parts of a text		
interacture:	choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall	• I can analyze specific parts		
How do	structure and meaning as well as its	of text and explain how the		
different	aesthetic impact.	individual parts fit into the		
cultures add to		overall structure		
the literature of		• I can analyze how an		
our nation?		author's choice of structuring		

How do the numerous wars of the 20th C. shape the literature of the time?		specific parts of a text affects the overall meaning • I can analyze how an author's choice of structuring specific parts of a text creates an aesthetic impact	
How does the emergence of female authors change literature? What is the scope of American literature from pre-Revolution to now?	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.11-12.6 Analyze a case in which grasping a point of view requires distinguishing what is directly stated in a text from what is really meant (e.g., satire, sarcasm, irony, or understatement).	 I can identify an author's point of view in a text I can determine when an author is requiring the reader to make an inference as to what is really meant I can recognize when authors use literary techniques to shape the content and style of a text 	
	CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.11-12.9 Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from	• I can identify various foundational works of American literature from different time periods	

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the same period treat similar themes or topics.	I can identify two or more texts from the same time period that contain similar themes or topics I can analyze how authors of two or more texts from the same time period treat similar themes or topics I can analyze how the point of view of an author impacts his/her approach to a theme or topic found in a particular time period
CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.11-12.10 By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	I can recognize when the text I am reading is too easy or too difficult for me I can determine reading strategies that will help me comprehend difficult texts

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual	• I can define textual evidence	
evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as	• I can define inference and	
inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	explain how to use evidence from the text to reach a logical conclusion	
	• I can read closely and find answers explicitly in text and	
	answers that require an inference	
	• I can analyze an author's words and find pieces of textual evidence to support explicit and inferential questions	
	• I can determine places in the text that leave matters uncertain	
CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.11-12.2		
Determine two or more central ideas of a text and analyze their	I can define central idea	

development over the course of the	• I can determine two or more
text, including how they interact and	central ideas of a text
build on one another to provide a	
complex analysis; provide an	• I can determine how two or
objective summary of the text.	more central ideas of a text
	interact and build on one
	another to develop a text with
	complex meaning
	complex meaning
	• I can analyze how central
	ideas develop over the course
	of a text
	OI W WAL
	• I can compose an objective
	summary stating the key points
	of a text
	of a text
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CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.11-12.3	
Analyze a complex set of ideas or	• I can determine a complex
sequence of events and explain how	set of ideas or sequence of
specific individuals, ideas, or events	events conveyed in a text
interact and develop over the course	
of the text.	• I can analyze how specific
of the text.	individuals, ideas, and/or
	events interact and develop
	within a complex set of ideas
	or sequence of events
	or sequence or events
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CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).	 I can define and identify various forms of figurative language I can distinguish between literal and figurative language I can recognize the difference between denotative meanings and connotative meanings I can recognize words that have technical meaning and understand their purpose in a specific text I can analyze how a key term or terms are used and refined over the course of a text
CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.11-12.5 Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the	• I can determine how an author chose to structure his/her exposition or makes points clear, convincing, and

structure makes points clear,

convincing, and engaging.	engaging. argument
	• I can analyze the structure of an author's exposition or argument and evaluate whether the structure is effective • I can determine if an author's structure is effective in making his/her points clear, convincing, and engaging • I can evaluate how an author's choiceof structure impacts his/her audience
CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.11-12.6 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text in which the rhetoric is particularly effective, analyzing how style and content contribute to the power, persuasiveness or beauty of the text.	 I can define point of view as how the author feels about the situation/topic of a text I can determine an author's point of view and explain his/her purpose for writing the text I can define rhetoric I can identify when an author

	uses rhetoric and analyze how the rhetoric strengthens his/her point of view or purpose • I can analyze how the author's styleand content contribute to the power, persuasiveness, or beauty of the text	
CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.	 I can identify multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats as well as in words to assist me in addressing a question or solving a problem I can evaluate information I have gathered and determine its effectiveness in assisting me to address a question or solve a problem I can integrate effective information I have gathered to answer a question or solve a 	

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	problem	
CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.11-12.8		
Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., <i>The Federalist</i> , presidential addresses).	 I can determine the purpose behind the creation of seminal U.S. texts I can identify constitutional principles and/or legal reasoning found in seminal U.S. texts 	
	• I can outline and evaluate the application of constitutional principles and the use of legal reasoning in seminal U.S. texts • I can identify the premises,	
	purposes, and arguments found in works of public advocacy	
	• I can outline and evaluate the premises, purposes, and arguments found in works of public advocacy	

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CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.11-12.9 Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and nineteenth-century foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (including The Declaration of Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features.	 I can identify various foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance from different time periods I can identify themes, purposes, and rhetorical features used in various foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance I can analyze how different foundational U.S. documents utilize themes and rhetorical features 	
CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.11-12.10	• I can recognize when the text I am reading is too easy or too difficult for me	
By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as	• I can determine reading strategies that will help me	

needed at the high end of the range. CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.11-12.1	I can review and/or research material(s) to be discussed and	
Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 11-12 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.	 determine key points and/or central ideas I can create questions and locate key textual evidence to contribute to a discussion on the given topic, text, or issue I can work with peers to define the rules and roles necessary to promote civil, democratic discussions and decision-making I can come prepared with key points and textual evidence to contribute to a 	
	discussion and stimulate a thoughtful well-reasoned exchange of ideas • I can participate in a discussion by posing questions that connect the ideas of several speakers, responding	

	to questions, and elaborating
	on my own ideas and/or the
	ideas of others to ensure a full
	range of positions on a topic or
	issue
	• I can propel conversations by
	clarifying, verifying, or
	challenging ideas and
	conclusions to promote
	divergent and creative
	perspectives
	• I can respond thoughtfully to
	diverse perspectives;
	synthesize comments, claims,
	and evidence; resolve
	contradictions when possible;
	and determine when additional
	information or research is
	required
	required
CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.11-12.2	• I can identify various
	purposes for presenting
Integrate multiple sources of	information to a reader or
information presented in diver	rse audience
formats and media (e.g., visual	llv.
quantitatively, orally) in order	A Loon analyze the information
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to make informed decisions and	presented in diverse media and formats and integrate the	
solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each	information in order to make	
source and noting any	informed decisions and solve	
G v	problems	
discrepancies among the data.		
	• I can evaluate the credibility	
	and accuracy of various	
	presentations and note any	
	discrepancies	
CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.11-12.3	• I can define point of view as	
	how the speaker feels about	
Evaluate a speaker's point of	the situation/topic being	
view, reasoning, and use of	presented	
evidence and rhetoric, assessing		
the stance, premises, links	• I can determine a speaker's	
among ideas, word choice, points	point of view and explain	
of emphasis, and tone used.	his/her reasoning	
	• I can define rhetoric	
Presentation of Knowledge and	- I can define metoric	
Ideas:	• I can identify when a	
	speaker uses evidence and/or	
	rhetoric and analyze how	
	these techniques strengthen	
	his/her point of view or	
	purpose	
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Present and sup conveyin perspec can follo alternat perspec the orga substant appropri	information, findings, porting evidence, ng a clear and distinct tive, such that listeners ow the line of reasoning, ive or opposing tives are addressed, and anization, development, ce, and style are riate to purpose, e, and a range of formal ormal tasks.	 I can assess the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis, and tone used by the speaker I can present information, findings, and/or supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically to convey a clear and distinct perspective I can present my information in a sequence that allows the listener to follow my line of reasoning I can address alternative or opposing perspectives in my presentation I can prepare a presentation with organization, development, substance, and style that are appropriate to purpose, task, audience, and a 	
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Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.	 I can identify the parts of my presentation, including findings reasoning, and evidence, that could use clarification, strengthening, and/or additional interest I can integrate appropriate digital media in a strategic manner to improve my presentation 	
Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.	 I can identify various reasons for speaking I can determine speaking tasks that will require a formal structure I can compose a formal speech that demonstrates a command of grades 	

Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.	I recognize that the conventions of standard English usage can change over time I can recognize that certain standard English usage can be contested, and individuals can dispute what is correct/proper I can consult reference materials to resolve issues of complex or contested usage of standard English
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	 I can determine when to capitalize words I can apply common hyphenation conventions I can recognize that there are many different rules concerning hyphens and use resources to assist me in hyphenating correctly

	• I can identify misspelled
	words and use resources to
	assist me in spelling correctly
	• I can identify how language
CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.11-12.3	functions in different contexts
Apply knowledge of language to	idiletions in different contexts
	• I can analyze the context of
understand how language	various texts and determine
functions in different contexts, to	how language choice affects
make effective choices for	meaning, style, and
meaning or style, and to	comprehension
comprehend more fully when	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
reading or listening.	• I can explain that syntax
	refers to how words are
	arranged to form sentences
	• I can identify regular/normal
	syntax
	. I : 1tiC- :1/i1
	I can identify irregular/varied
	syntax
	• I can write using varied
	syntax and consult references
	for guidance as needed
	Tot Surdanee do needed
	• I can recognize that writers
	creatively use irregular/varied
	syntax to convey imagery, to
	create rhyme scheme, to

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.11-12.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 11-12 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.	 I can infer the meaning of unknown words using context clues I can recognize and define common affixes and roots I can break down unknown words into units of meaning to infer the definition of the unknown word I can use patterns of word changes to determine a word's meaning as part of speech 	
strategies.	infer the definition of the unknown wordI can use patterns of word changes to determine a word's	

phrases, sufficient for reading, and phrases writing, speaking, and listening • I can acquire and use college at the college and career and career readiness level readiness level; demonstrate academic and domain-specific independence in gathering words/phrases to demonstrate vocabulary knowledge when proficiency in reading, writing, considering a word or phrase speaking, and listening. important to comprehension or • I can consider vocabulary expression. knowledge including denotation, nuance, etymology, etc. and determine the most appropriate words or phrases to express overall meaning • I can gather vocabulary knowledge independently when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression